MCNAMARA. LEARNED LAW-MAKERS

123 and 125 MAIN STREET.

Open Evenings This Week.

Christmas Bells.

All Come Out For Christmas Gifts.

Something House For

Sale of Evening Fans.

During our last visit to the market we bought 89 imported sample fans, everyone a gem. and everyone different from the other. Not one of these fans is worth less than \$2.50 and half of them are worth \$4.00 each. This Christmas Week Sale the entire lot will be put on sale, your choice for \$1.50.

Sale of Stripe Velvets, Evening Shades.

One lot evening shades in stripe velvets for this Christmas week sale at 97c per yard. Come to this sale. We are open svenings this week, you can select the colors by evening light.

Bower of Beauty.

In the center of the house the decorators have constructed a Handkerchief Pagoda and trimmed it with handkerchiefs of the latest importations 12 1-2c to \$9.50 each. A hankkerchief to suit every tase and every idea of price. Come and see. Open evenings only this week. Let us kn whow it seems to have the ladies out in the evening shopping in Wichita. Come.

Stylish in Cardinal.

The latest in Si.k Umbrellas, or, on Silk Umbrellas, is a cardinal silk cover, handle deported in gold or silver. Come and see. Make or not. Go to all the stores, small as well as large, and have something to interest you. Make this a gala week.

The loose bill for relief of the survivors of the exploring steamer Jeanette, and the widows and children of those who perished in the retreat from the wreck of that vessel in the Arctic seas.

Mr. Biair introduced a bill to allow solting to interest you. Make this a gala week.

Imported leaf tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers to serenty-five cents a pound, The greatest portion of three persons to be widows and children of those who perished in the retreat from the wreck of that vessel in the Arctic seas.

Mr. Biair introduced a bill to allow solting to interest you. Make this a gala week.

Mr. Biair introduced a bill to allow solting to interest you. Make this a gala week.

Mr. Biair introduced a bill to allow solting to interest you. Make this a gala week. or not. Go to all the stores, small as well as large, thing to interest you. Make this a gala week.

Only a Few

Hand painted Umbrella stands, little works of art, worth \$10.00 Committee on claims—Mr. Spooner as each at \$3.50 each.

Committee on claims—Mr. Spooner as enty-five cents on imported leaf to bacco of chairman in place of Mr. Pike, deceased, and on dollar forstemmed. The tariff complete stands and rinderpest, and for this purpose they

Only Two

Make this a Red Letter week. Everybody come and see the goods on display. Open and see the goods of the goods evenings this week.

Silk and Plush.

Stay not on the Order of Your Coming

But Come This Week.

Some ladies will probably get left because they don't come and see our evening dress goods. They have no idea anything like this can be found outside of New York or Chithing like this can be found outside of New York or Chicago. Come this week and let us show you nothing is too nice for us to buy for our trade here. Come and see.

Our Linen department is full of Novelties

In the city of New York during the present money or deposits to stock brokers, without security, for the purpose of enabling speculators to lock up and prevent the use of money in business transactions, thereby to produce a scarcity of money and greatly increase the rate of interest on loans.

Provide a very lock during the present money or deposits to stock brokers, without security, for the purpose of enabling speculators to lock up and prevent the use of money in business transactions, thereby to produce a scarcity of money and greatly increase the rate of interest on loans.

Provide a very lock and Woodburn.

Thomas of Illinois, VanShack, Wakefield, Wite and Woodburn.

White and Woodburn.

White and Woodburn.

Thomas of Illinois, VanShack, Wakefield, Wite and Woodburn.

The possition of the commissioner on military affairs, moved to suspend the rules and pass the senate bill amending the statutes making and equipments for the military, with an

Our Linen department is full of Novelties in fine goods. Visit it this week,

Make this a week full of Delights.

COME :=: ALL.

MUNSON & McNAMARA.

A Free Trade Proposition Peremporily Set Down on in the Senate.

Senate Committees Re-arranged and a Number of Bills Passed.

The House After the Secretary of the Treasury in the Matter of

of the Surplus Accumulations of Money in the Treasury.

A Disingenuous A'tempt by the House at Tariff Legislation Promptly Downed in the House.

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS. Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20 .- Among the pe titions presented and referred were several in favor of a reduction of the tax on elec-

bill to incorporate the Atlantic & Pacific Ship Railway company, and stated that it simply provided for the naked incorpora-tion of the company without any guaran-tee by the government. Made special

Mr. George offered a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire into the power of the federal courts over railroad receiverships. Laid over.

On motion the Missouri Pacific railroad funding bill was postponed as special order.

funding bill was postponed as special order until the second Tuesday in January.

On motion of Mr. Eustis the bill declarng the forfeiture of the lands on the New Orleans, Baton Rouge & Vicksburg railroad was postponed as special order. Mr. Aldrich offered a concurrent resolution requesting the president to enter into negotiations with the governments of the

several principal sugar producing countries of the world with the view of securing on condition that such government shall age or bulk.

admit into the respective countries or such colonies (free of duty) minerals, agricultural and manufactured products of the United ure and only as late as last Saturday, the States. Laid on the table.

an increased pension. Referred. following appointments to committees:

Beaver Pelerines or capes, very stylish, worth \$20 each, at \$10,00. Improvement of the Mississippi river—Mr. Williams in place of Mr. Pike.

On transportation routes to

Mr. Wilkins of the committee on bank the treasury for the following information:
First, whether any portion of the money ever shown in Wichita. Our silks will satisfy and our plushes will please.

The best goods for the money ever shown in Wichita. Our silks will satisfy and our plushes will please.

The best goods for the money ever shown in Wichita. Our silks will satisfy and our plushes will please.

The best goods for the money of the money in the country there are no money ever shown in Wichita. Our silks will satisfy and our plushes will please.

The best goods for the first, whether any portion of the money country there appropriated by the sundry civil bills of last year has been expended in issuing treasury notes of large denomination in lieu of notes of small denomination destroyed, or cancelled. Second, how many, \$1 and \$2 notes have been concelled and destroyed since the passage of the act and by what authority they were destroyed and what sum was expended in their destroyed in since the passage of the act and by what authority they were destroyed and what sum was expended in their destroyed in some 7,000 persons in this country there are propositions of the provisions of the bills are proposition of subsidy, pure, simple and unadulterated, and he hoped that the day would come when the people would whip such proposition of subsidy, pure, simple and unadulterated, and he hoped that the day would come when the people would whip such proposition of subsidy, pure, simple and unadulterated, and he hoped that the day would come when the people would whip such proposition of subsidy pure, simple and unadulterated, and the hoped that the day would come when the people would whip such propositions of the provisions of the threating reason, based on public interest, for the passage of this bill. It was not simply was not commission of subsidy, pure, simple and unadulterated, and the hoped that the day would come when the people would whip such propositions from the capitol as the money changes.

A similar bill was introduced in the hoped that th

to January 4th.

ferred: By Mr. Townsend of Illinois: A resolution requesting the secretary of the treasury to ascertain whether any national bank in the city of New York during the pres-

papers that the secretary of the treasury paid interest on certain bonded indebted. Mr. Townsnend of Illinois, on behalf of est was due without rebate, and that it is pend the rules and psss the bill limiting also stated that said advance of interest was the jurisdiction of the United States courts made for the purpose of effecting the in patent cases, and to protect persons who market value of certain stocks in Wall Street, and requesting the secretary to inform the house if such interest had been so that and if or who can be such as the purpose of effecting the in patent cases, and to protect persons who are not bona fide manufactures, purchasers, venders and users of patented articles. The bill limits the jurisdiction of U. S.

vided by section 4 of the act of June 20, 1874, and amendments thereto, in United States bonds, not subject to call, at the lowest market rates. The bonds so pur-chased shall be held in the treasury in lieu of such lawful money to secure the re-demption of the circulating notes of na-

Section 2-That the interest on the section 3—1 nat the interest on the bonds purchased as required in this act shall be covered into the treasury, and whenever the bonds at their par value ex-ceed the amount of the outstanding circu-lating notes of national banks, for the redemption of which lawful money has been deposited, the excess of the bonds over such outstanding circulation shall be can-

celled and destroyed.
Section 3—That the circulating notes of Money Manipulations.

Money Manipulations.

Money Manipulations.

A New Scheme Proposed Disposing

A New Scheme Proposed Disposing ury such circulating notes can not be redeemed out of the money in the treasury without imparing its general efficiency, he may order the sale of as many of the bonds purchased and held as provided in CAPITAL BUDGET. this act as may be necessary to redeem the circulating notes of national banks as the same are presented for redemption, but not to accumulate at any time a redemption fund exceeding ten per cent of such out-

standing notes.
Section 4.—That no national bank shall be required hereafter to deposit or keep on deposit to secure circulating notes, United States bonds to any amount exceeding one-twentieth of its capital stock, and in no case more than \$20,000, and hereafter all Mr. Vest introduced a substitute for the national banks shall be entitled to such circulating notes for such bonds at per value equal to the par value of the bonds so de-

By Mr. Dingley: To protect the inmates of the national homes for disabled soldiers,

By Mr. Johnson of North Carolina: A resolution instructing the committee on house of representatives, ways and means to report a bill repealing the internal revenue laws.

Mr. Morrison introduced a resolution for the holiday recess from December 22 to January 4. Referred. Mr. Hiscock called up his motion to sus-

pend the rules and pass the bill relating to the duties on tobacco. The bill amends the statutes relating to the duties on leaf tobacco as follows: sugar and molasses produced by such countries or their colonies, when transported in vessels under the flag of either contracting party, and on which sugar and molasses no export charge has been levied, on condition that such revernment shall age or bulk.

states. Laid on the table.

The following bills and resolutions were from New York (Hiscock), had decided taken up and passed:

Senate bill for the relief of Bessie S. Gillore (to redeem the United States bonds indeed, not to consider the question. He stolen from her and afterwards destroyed had hoped that obedient to the will of the house the gentleman would by the thief.)
Senate bill for the examination of claims of the state of Missouri on account of pay ments to her militia for services in suppression of the rebellion.

The house bill for relief of the survivors weapones to safety fire cents a negative for cigar weapones to safety fire cents a negative for cigar weapones to safety fire cents a negative for cigar weapones to safety fire cents a negative fire cents and noped that obedient to the will of the house the gentleman would have withdrawn this proposition to increase a tax already enormously high. ing been considered or read in the house The president pro tem announced the under what was known as the Keefer Reed device for a change of rules, imposed sevand Mr. Chency in place of Mr. Speener, and on dollar for stemmed. The tariff com-Civil service—Mr. Williams in place of mission had been asked to impose that duty, and after investigation of the whole ques tion it had declined to report in favor of it; reason to believe such disease exists. Upon then it had come to be a law in the way he discovering the existence of disease the

the bill as a modest proposition to protect a declare and maintain rigid quarantine of certain class of tobacco 600 per cent. The the annimals and premises where the cating and currency, reported back the Weaver resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for the following information:

| McQu did so were the may be found. Other sections make it the duty of the district attorney to prosecute violations of the district attorney to prosecute

Mr. Morrison introduced a resolution for a holiday recess from December 22nd

Mr. Hiscock's motion was lost—yeas 90 Mr. Hiscock then called up his motion voted with the Republicans in the affirmato suspend the rules and pass the bill in relation to duties on Sumatra tobacco.

The motion was voted down by a vote of years to 165 nays.

The motion was voted down by a vote of years to 165 nays.

The motion was voted down by a vote of years to 165 nays. 90 yeas to 165 nays.

Under call of states the following bills of Illinois, Anderson of Kansas, Brown of Ohio, Butlerworth, Dunham, Fuller, Henderson of Iowa, Holmes, Hopkins, Johnson of Indiana, Landes, Lyman, Payne, Perkins, Rowell, Ryan, Strait, Struble, Swinburn, Zach Taylor of Tennessee, Thomas of Illinois, VanShack, Wakefield,

and equipments for the military, with an By Mr. Taulbee of Kentucky: A resolution reciting that it is stated in the news mittee making the annual appropriation

paid, and if so, why, and by what aucourts in patent cases to cases wherein the
thority.

Controversy does not exceed \$200 against By Mr. Wilkins of Ohio: To reduce one person or citizen. Section 2 provides By Mr. Wilkins of Ohio: To reduce the amount of deposit of United States bonds to be required of national banks, and to restore to the channels of trade excessive accountiations of lawful money in the treasury.

To provide that purchasers of any patent right for actual use shall not be liable to damages of property or for full value of same, or for sive accountiations of lawful money in the date of such purchase he had no treasury.

To provide that purchasers of any patent right for actual use shall not be liable to damages of property or for full value of same, or for injuring the same in any manner while at the date of such purchase he had no any decision to the contrary would be any decision. knowledge of the claims of any third per-By Mr. Warner of Ohio. To provide for the investment of lawful money deposited in the Ireasury by national banks for redemption of their circulating notes. Following is the text of the bill.

Section 1.—That the secretary of the ireasury be and is hereby authorized and required to invest 90 per cent of the lawful money deposited with the treasury of the property of the ireasury o

personally served on such persons or corporation, and such infringement shall be thereafter continued.

Mr. Townshend said that the only pur-pose of the measure was to protect inno

cent purchasers against blackmail.

Mr. Hammond of Georgia opposed the
bill and declared that the first
section would strike down seveneighths of the patents in the country while the second section would place premium upon scounderlism.

Mr. Butterworth of Ohio, regarded the bill as a bold attempt to kill the goose that laid the golden egg; it was due to the patent system that the United States excelled every nation today as a manufacturing

Mr. Townshend saw in the opposition to the bill a renewal of the old struggle

nopoly.

In order to prevent a vote being taken on the bill Mr. Mills of Texas, moved to

PRESIDENTIAL PREFERENCES.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Dec. 20.-The WASHINGTON, D. C. Dec. 20.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate today: Postmasters: Thos. E. Garner, West Plains, Mo.; Samuel G. Ellen, Wellington, Kan.

Wm. A. Walker of Wisconsin, to be United States attorney for the eastern district of Wisconsin; David Risley of Chiffonia United States are presented for the

California, United States marshal for the southern district of California. The president today appointed George A. Shufeldt to be United States marshal of

the consular court at Shanghai CONFIRMATIONS.

A. B. Williams of Arkansas, member of D. J. Campbell, collector of customs at Detroit, Mich.

The Evening Star tonight says that the president has about decided to offer the Turkish mission, vacated by the resigna-tion of Hon. S. S. Cox, to General Egbert L. Veile, of New York, member of the

EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY. Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—The president today remitted a fine of \$1,000 d costs amounting to \$500, in the case of E. B. Case, convicted in the district court of the northern district of Illinois, of obtaining a pension by fraud and perfidy, and sentenced to two years imprisonment in Joliet penitentiary and to pay a fine of that she was wrong as to the time of his rupture, and said that it actually occurred during the war. Case is now about 65 years of age and is in feeble health. He has already served sixteen months of his term of imprisonment.

A CATTLE COMMISSION PROPOSED. Senator Spooner today, by request of Senator Miller who is absent, introduced a bill to extirpate contagious pleuro-pneumonia, foot and mouth disease and rinder-pest among cattle and facilitate the extir-pation of cattle and the products of live

stock.

Section 2 makes it the duty of the commissioners to cause an investigation to be made at to the existence of contagious are authorized to enter by person or by agents any premises in which they

STILL RINGING THE BELL.

The government will soon institute proeedings in Boston to test the validity of he patent granted the Bell Co. bill against the company and copies of it have been sent to Judge Thurman, Judge Duffy did—\$10.000. That money is not Lowery in New York, and to other special attorneys employed by the government in this case for their consideration. Action will be deferred until these gentlemen have advise you to give back to the city the expressed their views in regard to the pro-posed bill.

COMMISSIONER SPARKS,

of the general land office, has received a letter from a law firm at West Plaines. Mo., enclosing a newspaper paragraph stating that Judge Blair, of Wyoming, instructed the jury in a recent case that a person who has made a homestead entry and commuted to cash and afterward made another homestead entry is not guilty of perjury in swearing in the second case that he had not previously had the benefit of the homestead laws, and that in giving ness of the United States before said inter-ness was due without rebate, and that it is pend the rules and psss the bill limiting person who makes and commutes a person who makes and commutes a homestead entry does not thereby exhaust his rights under the homest ad law. In response to this letter Commissioner Sparks says that if such decision has been made it will have no effect whatever, unless it be o induce ignorant persons to make ulent entries. By section 2,289 of the re-vised statutes, says the commissioner, one homestead entry only can be made by one person, and by section 2,298 the commutation of that entry to each does not enable him to make another homestend entry, and

money deposited with the treasury of the United States at the date of the passage of this act, and 90 per cent of the money here shall be liable in damages or otherwise for after deposited for redemption of the circulating notes of the national banks as pro-

Ex-Alderman McQuade, the Second of the New York Boodlers,

Convicted of Bribe-Taking in the Broadway Railroad Franchise Matter,

Sentenced by Recorder Smyth to Seven Years Servitude in State's Prison at Hard Labor

nd to Pay a Fine of \$5,000 - Motion to Set Aside the Verdict, on the Grounds Stated, Overruled.

The Prisoner Escorted to the Tombs and, after Usual Formalities, Locked in Cell No. 17.

TA TA McQUADE.

The Boodler Ex-Alderman Given His Sulphur and Molasses.

MEW YORK, Dec. 20 - The last act in he McQuade drama seemed to have even more interest for the public than the scenes of the trial. This morning Chambers street and the approaches to the brown stone courthouse of general session were thronged with hundreds of people. Admission was free to all, and the large court room was densely packed. The other "boodlers" were conspicous by their absence. McQuade was escorted into the court room by Under Sheriff Sexton. He took his old seat and very quietly waited for the hour of sentence. At 11 a.m. Re-corder Smyth entered the court room

With memory of the Jachne case the au-

dience had the idea that there was no show for McQuade and that he would at once Mr. Newcomb asked that the proceedings of Friday be read. The request was granted. After the reading General Tracy said: We moved arrest of sentence becy said: We moved arrest of sentence because the indictment was on insufficient ground, and that the evidence was not sufficient to convict; because of a mischarge by the court to to the jury; because certain jurors were illegally excluded from the box; because the trial was suspended December 14th, for the bringing of Nesbitt and Vickerman, who signed certain affidavits before and in the presence of the jury as set down in affidavits of the defense, served on the district attorney Friday. We also move that the verdict be set as do on these grounds. General Tracy officials that his wife was living in open set aside on these grounds. General Tracy officials that his wife was living in open also moved that the efficers who had charge of the jury during the trial be called and sworn. This was on the strength of the statements made to them by a Mr. O Bryan

The story, told by the man servant,

Mr. Martine read in reply the affidavit of ment was not an attempt at blank until and tror Rosenburg denying that he had been induenced in any way in favor of or against the defendant by outside influence, but that

he acted on the evidence alone, Recorder Smyth said he thought it was not more, then the statement of such a his duty to take more than usual caution in person as O'Neill accommodation of the jury; jurors consci-entiously warned on each occasion of their to remain away there was no power in leaving the court room; special caution had | England to compel him to come. been used and the court felt satisfied that ever, the judge said would be impossible to the interests of the prisoner had been care—exaggerate the meanness exhibited by Genfully guarded. In the matter of the affi-davits of Vickerman and Nesbitt, the re-away from corder said that it was this action which the district attorney had a right to take in the case of Jachne, cited regarding the the case of Jachne, cited regarding the form of indictment, the court declaring the McQuade indictment to be like it, and was sustained by the general term, and the court of appeals. Motion for a new trial was denied, General Tracey taking excep-

McQuade was ordered to stand up. He did so with his thumbs in his pantaloons

The defense, remarked Gen. Tracey, has

The recorder said in substance

thur J. McQuade, you have been fairly and justly convicted of bribery; you were elected to perform a public duty, a public trust; instead of doing so you violated that trust. Your character as a business man, citizen, father and husband is good. I have sympathy for your wife and family, you should have considered them before you did wrong. You did not add to the crime of which you have been convicted as Jachne did by taking the General Jenks has prepared the draft of a stand and committing perjury. I have reason to believe you received as much money as money which you received -and I have no doubt it would work to your benefit.

The sentence of the court is that you be

onfined in state's prison at hard labor for

arms folded across his bosom in a manner habitual to him. His chin was a little ele vated, his head inclined a little to one side and his brow knitted, the whole pose and expression of his face being that of one listening to a voice difficult to hear. At its close he sat down, turned immediately, and with a business like air, entered into conversation with General Tracy.

After the sentence was given the audience dispersed. McQuade going out with his keepers and faithful brother, who had stood by his side throughout the trial. The counsel for McQuade obtained a copy of the sentence, then left the room. Mc Quade was immediately taken to the Toombs and after the usual formality was locked in cell 17.

Royalty in Jeopardy Toronto, Ont., Dec. 20 -Sir Jno. Me

Donald and three of his ministers arrived yesterday from western Ontario in a private cur which was in a shattered cor tion. About 4 a.m., when the train was running between Thamesville and Borden one of the car doors and two windows were shattered to pieces, but fortunately no one was injured. The mysterious part of the affair is that there was nothing

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20, 1 a. m .-The following are the indications for Misouri: Rain or snow; variable winds, shifting to northerly colder.

For Kansas and Nebraska: Rain snow, variable winds, decidedly colder.

The Campbell Divorce Case. LONDON, Dec. 22 - Sir Charles Russel concluded the assument for Lady Colin Campbell in her divorce suit against her husband today. The judge proceeded at once to sum up the case for the jury. He said Lord Colin Campbell denied his wife's charge of infidelity, which depended chiefly on the testimony of Lady Miles. Whatever might be said against Lady Miles by the defense, it must be admitted that she was until lately Lord Colin's friend; that she had done all in her power to discourage the bringing of action against him; that she only took Lady Colin's part when she became convinced that unjust charges were to be brought against that

hady.

The testimony given by the dectors that Mary Watson was virigo intacto did not negative the testimony given by Lady Miles that she saw Lord Colin and the girl in such position as to warrant the belief that the pair were guilty. Suspicion, however, the judge said, was insufficient. If adultery was not proved as a fact the jury were to find that Lord Colin was innecent.

At the last trial at which Lady Colin secured a decree of separation, it was shown that Lord Colin had given plaintiff in such alleged as the basis of her petition for separation. In the present case the evidence against Lady Colin depended on what family servints said. This should be received with suspicion. In regard to the Purflect incident the judge said there were so many important examples of mis-taken identity that the jury would be compelled to carefully consider whether suffi-cient evidence had been adduced to reliably establish the statement that the lady who was there with the Duke of Mariborough was Lady Colin Campbell. If Neptune

statements made to them by a Mr. O Bryan to the effect that on December 15th the jury were taken to the Astor house, to lunch by the unusual route past the office of the New York World, in front of which was displayed a bulletin reading. "Has the traitor crept in, Juror Rosenburg charged with being a friend of the boodler."

The story, told by the man servant, O'Neill, that he saw through the keyhole of the door of the dining from at Catogan place Chief Shaw and Lady Celin in eriminal interesures, the judge said, he could not regard with favor. The jury must consider whether O'Neill's letter to Lady Celin after his discharge, seeking employ

General Butler, the court thought, should

away from court, because in doing so he deserted Lady Colin. But the judge told the jury they must

ness was a voluntary one.

The case was then given to the jury and they retired. After a short absence they returned and reported that they could not agree upon a verdict. They again retired to reconsider the case and returned at 10 nothing to say why sentence should not be pronounced against him. We rely on the former good character and the esteem in which he is still held by his neighbors and acquaintances, who are many of them here now to ask for the leniency of the court. of a gentieman and an officer, and had caused the only difficulty which the jury experinced in reaching the decision. The announcement of the verdict was received

Appeal to the God of Battle.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 20 .- The first due! fought in Canada in many years occurred here at a late hour Saturday night. The principals were John T. White, an old time Canadian journalist and editor of a weekly paper called [hvestigner, and J. Hanrohan, a machine agent. The duel was fought in a small wood on the out skirts of the city. Overtures looking to ward patching up difficulties were made by the seconds, but with no avail. His bener, White said, had been wounded to the quick, and nothing but an appeal to the God of buttle would satisfy him. The ground was therefore at once paced off and the men confined in state's prison at hard labor for a term of seven years, and that you pay a fine of \$5,000.

During the sentence McQuade stood up, arms folded across his bosom in a manner. At the word "fire," to pistols rang out aim. all innervaly. The effect was a miss by both. White got ahead with the second shot and the machine agent fell. His second and doctor ran up-to the wounded man and it was announced to the victor that his enemy was struck in the grain. He expressed satisfaction with the result and hastily left the field, his honor fully avenged. The wounded man was taken to the hospital and is said to be doing well His wound is not dangerous. White is un-derstood to have fied to the United States. The police are on the lookout for him

> Paid the Penalty Just the Same. CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 20.-A large, well-dressed man, bearing marks of a long debauch, was arrested this morning at the saloon of Duncan Ross, the athlete. The man registered as Jas. B. Cleveland, a drugglet of Onecota, N. Y. He claimed to be a nephew of the president, but was nevertheless fixed \$10 and sent to the work

house for thirty days. The Demands Presented.

Pirrouvus Dec 20.-The demand of the joint committee of the R. of L. and